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Correction: A smallest 6 kda metalloprotease, mini-matrilysin, in living world: a revolutionary conserved zinc-dependent proteolytic domain- helix-loop-helix catalytic zinc binding domain (ZBD)

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There is a major mistake in the order of Figure 5 to Figure 7 in [1]. We replace the Figure 5 and Figure 6 in [1] with new corrected Figures of Figure 1 and Figure 2. We also replace the correct original order of Figure 6 and Figure 7 in [1] with Figure 2 and Figure 3 in this correction. Sorry for the inconveniences!

Figure 1 Combination of 0.05% Triton and 0.2 mg/ml heparin give the optimal refolding activities to cleave the synthetic coumarin-labelled peptide substrate, Mca-Pro-Leu-Gly-Leu-Dpa-Ala-Arg-NH₂. *Panel A*: Shows the refolded ZBD activities increased in dose-dependent manner. In the absence of the refolding accessory factors, Triton X-100 and heparin. The significant reduced activities in the high-concentration (> 100 µg/ml) was observed which could be due to autolysis. ***Panel B*:** Under 37°C incubation for 18 hours, Triton X-100 and heparin can prevent the activity loss. (All experiments were repeated at two batch of purification and refolding preparation and data collected from a representative experiments)

Figure 2 The polymerization of the 6 kDa ZBD of MMP-7 in pentamer and Octmer demonstrate the significant proteolytic activities towards to the CM-transferrin substrate in CM-transferrin zymographic assay. 300 µg of carboxymethylated transferrin (CM-transferrin) was co-polymerized with SDS-PAGE as a substrate gel for analyzing the MMP-7 activities in situ

Figure 3 Mca-Pro-Leu-Gly-Leu-Dpa-Ala-Arg-NH₂ assay for characterization of refolded ZBD. **Panel A:** Under the optimized conditions, the refolded ZBD shows increasing enzymatic activity in dose-dependent manner. No significant activity loss was found in the high concentration situation. **Panel B:** approximately 6 ng/ml refolded ZBD shows the increasing activity during the time course study and no significant activity loss during overnight incubation. **Panel C:** Recombinant ZBD can be inhibited by 10 nM EDTA, 1 mM CoCl₂ and synthetic inhibitors, 50 nM BB94 & SC44463 and CoCl₂, but not by 250 nM Phosphoramidon. (All experiments were repeated at two batch of purification and refolding preparation and data collected from a representative experiments)

References

1. Yu WH, Huang PT, Lou KL, Yu SS, Lin C: A Smallest 6 kDa Metalloprotease, Mini-matrilysin, in Living World: a Revolutionary Conserved Zinc-Dependent Proteolytic Domain- Helix-Loop-Helix Catalytic Zinc Binding Domain (ZBD). *J Biomed Sci* 2012, 19:54.

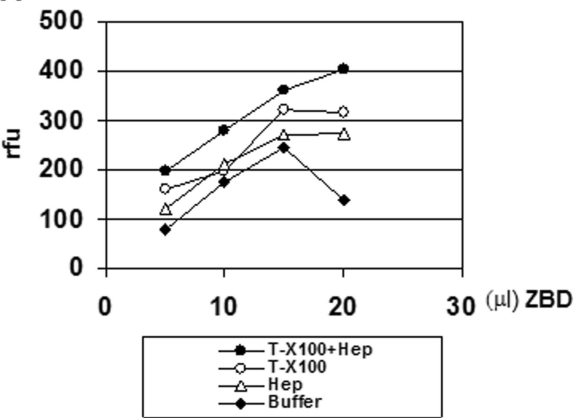
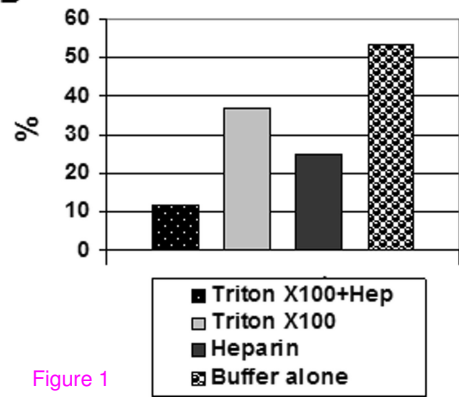
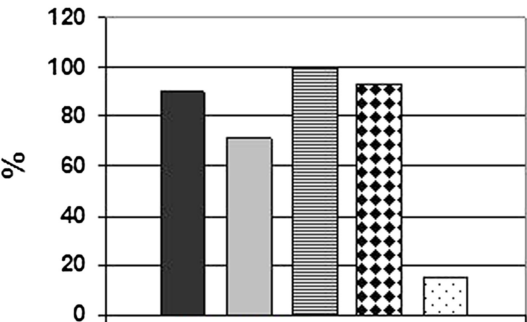
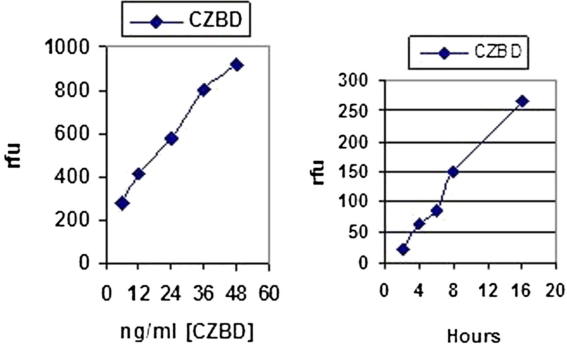
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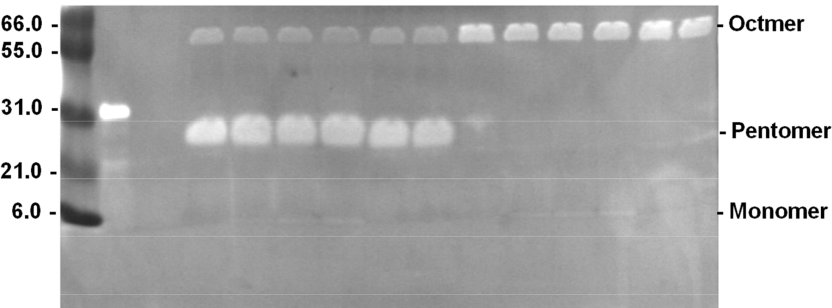
Figure 1



- 10nM EDTA
- CoCl₂
- ▣ 50 nM BB94
- ▣ 50 nM SC44463
- ▣ 250 nM Phosphoramidon

Figure 2

M7



ZBD	0	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Heparin	2	0	0.5	1	2			0	0.5	1	2		
Triton X100	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+

Figure 3